

# Vocabulary Revision

150+ Words from Editorial

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(25th Feb - 16th March 2019)



## Important Editorial Articles

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- ❖ [The new deal](#)
- ❖ [Before eviction: on SC verdict on forest-dwellers](#)
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## Important Words from Editorials

### 1. Word: **Quote** (उद्धरण)

- **Pronunciation:** kwoht/ क्वोट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - a. repeat or copy out (words from a text or speech written or spoken by another person).[Verb]
  - b. a quotation from a text or speech.[Noun]
- **Synonyms:** cite, mention, reference
- **Antonyms:** paraphrase, hide, insert
- **Usage in a Sentence:** I can **quote** you several instances of her being deliberately rude.

### 2. Word: **Catalyst** (मुख्य स्रोत)

- **Pronunciation:** kat-l-ist/ कैटलिस्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a person or thing that precipitates an event.
- **Synonyms:** accelerator, incentive, agitator
- **Antonyms:** prevention, obstruction, block

- **Usage in a Sentence:** The riots were later seen as the **catalyst** for the new political developments.

### 3. Word: **Diverting** (बहलाव का)

- **Pronunciation:** dih-vur-ting/ डाइवर्टिंग
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** entertaining or amusing.
- **Synonyms:** amusing, entertaining, fun
- **Antonyms:** boring, jejune, dull
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Environmentalists say that **diverting** water from the river will lower the water table and dry out wells.

### 4. Word: **Sanction** (अनुमोदन)

- **Pronunciation:** sangk-shuhn/ सैंगक्शन
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** give official permission or approval for (an action).
- **Synonyms:** authorize, approve, assent
- **Antonyms:** shy illegitimate, forbidden
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Our plan wasn't **sanctioned** by the board of directors.

5. **Word: Beleaguer (अवरोध करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** bih-lee-ger/ बिलीगर
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** put in a very difficult situation.
- **Synonyms:** besiege, harass, pester
- **Antonyms:** comfort, benefit, relax
- **Usage in a Sentence:** They **beleaguered** her with requests for forgiveness.

6. **Word: Initiate (संस्कार करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** ih-nish-ee-eyt/ इनिशीऐट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Meaning:** a. cause (a process or action) to begin. [Verb]  
b. a person who has been initiated into an organization or activity. [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** start, begin, commence
- **Antonyms:** finish, jeff, terminate
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The ability to **initiate** and operate independently.

7. **Word: Obligation (अनुग्रह)**

- **Pronunciation:** ob-li-gey-shuhn/ आब्लगैशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**  
a. an act or course of action to which a person is morally or legally bound; a duty or commitment.  
b. the condition of being morally or legally bound to do something.  
c. a debt of gratitude for a service or favour.
- **Synonyms:** responsibility, agreement
- **Antonyms:** entreat, liberty
- **Usage in a Sentence:** You are under no **obligation** to answer our questions.

8. **Word: Contempt (अपमान)**

- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-tempt/ कन्टेम्प्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the feeling that a person or a thing is worthless or beneath consideration.
- **Synonyms:** scorn, disdain, shame
- **Antonyms:** respect, regard, esteem
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The **contempt** he felt for his fellow students was obvious.

9. **Word: Regime (शासन)**

- **Pronunciation:** ruh-zheem/ रैशीम
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**  
a. government, especially an authoritarian one.  
b. a system or ordered way of doing things.

- **Synonyms:** administration, jurisdiction
- **Antonyms:** disorder, confusion
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The **regime** got rid of most of its opponents.

10. **Word: Transition (परिवर्तन)**

- **Pronunciation:** tran-zish-uhn/ ट्रैन्ज़िशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:** a. the process or a period of changing from one state or condition to another. [Noun]  
b. undergo or cause to undergo a process or period of transition. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** shift, change, conversion
- **Antonyms:** same, beginning, still
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The **transition** from a totalitarian state to a free country will be long and slow.

11. **Word: Evict (स्थान से निकाल देना)**

- **Pronunciation:** ih-vikt/ इविक्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** expel (someone) from a property, especially with the support of the law.
- **Synonyms:** expel, remove, eject, oust
- **Antonyms:** admit, include, welcome, accomodate
- **Usage in a Sentence:** They were to **evict** a couple and their three children from a rented house.

12. **Word: Occupant (अधिवासी)**

- **Pronunciation:** ok-yuh-puh nt/ आक्यपन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a person who resides or is present in a house, vehicle, seat, etc., at a given time
- **Synonyms:** resident, lodger, occupier, inhabitant
- **Antonyms:** vagabond, landlord, guest, visitor, non- resident
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The **occupant** of the room was sitting in one corner.

13. **Word: Tenure (कार्यकाल)**

- **Pronunciation:** ten-yer/ टेन्यर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**  
a. the conditions under which land or buildings are held or occupied. [Noun]  
b. give (someone) a permanent post, especially as a teacher or lecturer. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** occupation, possession, ownership

- **Antonyms:** bonding, emptiness, claim, ownership
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** He remained popular throughout his **tenure** of the office of mayor.
14. **Word: Dilemma (असमंजस)**
- **Pronunciation:** (dih-lem-uh) /डिलेम
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a situation in which a difficult choice has to be made between two or more alternatives, especially ones that are equally undesirable.
  - **Synonyms:** problem, difficulty, difficulty, trouble
  - **Antonyms:** solution, answer, resolution, boon
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The fundamental **dilemma** remains: in a tolerant society, should we tolerate intolerance?
15. **Word: Reconcile (मेल करना या कराना)**
- **Pronunciation:** rek-uh n-sahyl/ रेकन्साइल
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** restore friendly relations between.
  - **Synonyms:** harmonize, conciliate
  - **Antonyms:** alienate, disagree
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** You must **reconcile** yourself to your present job.
16. **Word: Inalienable (जो अलग किया न जा सके)**
- **Pronunciation:** in-eyl-yuh-nuh-buhl/ इनेल्यनबल
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** not subject to being taken away from or given away by the possessor.
  - **Synonyms:** absolute, inseparable, intrinsic, inherent
  - **Antonyms:** negotiable, alienable, transferrable
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** He maintains that Taiwan has always been an **inalienable** part of China.
17. **Word: Steward (प्रबन्धक)**
- **Pronunciation:** styoo-erd/ स्टूअर्ड
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. person employed to look after the passengers on a ship, aircraft, or train. [Noun]
    - b. (of an official) supervise arrangements or keep order at (a large public event). [Verb]

- **Synonyms:** agent, caretaker, keeper
  - **Antonyms:** avoider, chief guest, client
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** A **steward** directed us behind the stage and towards the dressing rooms.
18. **Word: Confer (प्रदान करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-fur/ कन्फर
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. grant (a title, degree, benefit, or right).
    - b. have discussions; exchange opinions.
  - **Synonyms:** accord, bestow
  - **Antonyms:** deprive, disclaim
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** He wanted to **confer** with his colleagues before reaching a decision.
19. **Word: Heritability (वंशागतित्व)**
- **Pronunciation:** her-i-tuh-buh I/ हेरिताबिलिटी
  - **Part of Speech:** Adverb
  - **Meaning:** the quality or state of being heritable (transmissible)
  - **Synonyms:** inheritance, heredity, character
  - **Antonyms:** disinheritance, sale
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** At the other end of the scale, **heritability** is one if all the differences among individuals are due to their genes.
20. **Word: Claimant (उम्मेदवार)**
- **Pronunciation:** kley-muh nt/ क्लेमन्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a person making a claim, especially in a lawsuit or for a state benefit
  - **Synonyms:** complainant, applicant, aspirant, requestor
  - **Antonyms:** consultant, seller, respondent
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** I've never yet met a **claimant** who could afford a television licence.
21. **Word: Appellate (अपील-संबंधी)**
- **Pronunciation:** uh-pel-it/ अपेलैट
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** (especially of a court) concerned with or dealing with applications for decisions to be reversed.
  - **Synonyms:** judicial, appeal, proceedings
  - **Antonyms:** illegal, discriminatory, captivated
  - **Usage in Sentence:** The **appellate** court affirmed the judgement of the lower court.



22. **Word: Paradigm (आदर्श)**

- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Pronunciation:** par-uh-dahym/ पैरडाइम
- **Meaning:**
  - a typical example or pattern of something; a pattern or model.
  - a set of linguistic items that form mutually exclusive choices in particular syntactic roles.
- **Synonyms:** prototype, standard
- **Antonyms:** atypical example
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The new **paradigm** will be different from the old one.

23. **Word: Poaching (अवैध शिकार)**

- **Pronunciation:** poh-ching/ पोचिंग
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** illegally hunt or catch (game or fish) on land that is not one's own or in contravention of official protection.
- **Synonyms:** pilfering, robbing
- **Antonyms:** conserving, protecting
- **Usage in a Sentence:** **Poaching** threatens the survival of the rhino.

24. **Word: Unimpeachable (असंदिग्ध)**

- **Pronunciation:** uhn-im-pee-chuh-buh / अनिम्पीचबल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** not able to be doubted, questioned, or criticized; entirely trustworthy.
- **Synonyms:** irreproachable, blameless, faultless, decent
- **Antonyms:** blameworthy, guilty, foul, blamable, culpable
- **Usage in a Sentence:** She possessed an **unimpeachable** status, for she was the Firstborn.

25. **Word: Calibrated (अंशशोधित)**

- **Pronunciation:** kal-uh-breyt/ कैलब्रेटड
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Verb
- **Meaning:** a. (of an instrument's readings) correlated with those of a standard. [Adjective]  
b. carefully assess, set, or adjust (something abstract). [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** gauged, measured, graduated
- **Antonyms:** break

- **Usage in a Sentence:** To correct this error radiocarbon dates are **calibrated** by studying the difference between radiocarbon dates and tree-ring dates.

26. **Word: Imminent (आसन्न)**

- **Pronunciation:** im-uh-nuhnt/ इमनन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** about to happen.
- **Synonyms:** impending, approaching, near
- **Antonyms:** distant, far-off, doubtful
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He was faced with **imminent** death.

27. **Word: Recrimination (अभियोग)**

- **Pronunciation:** ri-krim-uh-ney-shuh n/ रिक्किमिनेशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** an accusation in response to one from someone else.
- **Synonyms:** accusation, blame, reaction
- **Antonyms:** pep talk, absolution
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Instead, there was the dreary return to mutual **recrimination**.

28. **Word: Obviate (टाटना)**

- **Pronunciation:** ob-vee-eyt/ आब्बीएट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** avoid or prevent (something undesirable).
- **Synonyms:** preclude, prevent, avert
- **Antonyms:** ask, need, necessitate
- **Usage in a Sentence:** A peaceful solution would **obviate** the need to send a UN military force.

29. **Word: Retaliate (बदला लेना)**

- **Pronunciation:** ri-tal-ee-eyt/ रिटैलीएट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** make an attack in return for a similar attack.
- **Synonyms:** repay, revenge, requite
- **Antonyms:** forgive, pardon, excuse
- **Usage in a Sentence:** If you are rude to me, I shall **retaliate** with equal rudeness.

30. **Word: Triumphalism (अगणनीय संज्ञा)**

- **Pronunciation:** trahy-uhm-fuh-liz-uh m/ त्रिउम्फलिस्म
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** excessive exultation over one's success or achievements (used especially in a political context).
- **Synonyms:** high horse, flag-waving

- **Antonyms:** humility, modesty
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** There wasn't a hint of **triumphalism** in her acceptance speech at the awards ceremony.
31. **Word: Cloud (छा जाना)**
- **Pronunciation:** kloud/ क्लाउड
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** make or become less clear or transparent.
  - **Synonyms:** obscure, fog, mist
  - **Antonyms:** clear, clarify, brighten
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** What is one man's **cloud** is another man's sunshine.
32. **Word: Jingoism (कट्टर राष्ट्रवाद)**
- **Pronunciation:** jing-goh-iz-uh m/जिंगगोइज़म
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** extreme patriotism for one's country that often shows itself through aggression towards other nations
  - **Synonyms:** chauvinism, extreme nationalism, flag-waving
  - **Antonyms:** internationalism, unbiased
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The man's **jingoism** led him to attempt to destroy a federal building as a show of loyalty for his own nation.
33. **Word: Deterrents (धमकानेवाला)**
- **Pronunciation:** dih-tur-uhnt/ डिटरन्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a thing that discourages or is intended to discourage someone from doing something.
  - **Synonyms:** impediments, obstacles, hindrances
  - **Antonyms:** goads, encouragements, agitations
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The **deterrents** against traders importing and exporting are minimal.
34. **Word: Unleashed (फैलाया)**
- **Pronunciation:** uhn-leesh/ अन्लीश
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** release from a leash
  - **Synonyms:** discharge, free
  - **Antonyms:** hold, keep
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** At worst, nuclear war could be **unleashed**.
35. **Word: Escalate (बढ़ाना)**
- **Pronunciation:** es-kuh-leyt/ एस्कलैट

- **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** increase rapidly, make or become more intense or serious.
  - **Synonyms:** intensify, heighten
  - **Antonyms:** diminish, abbreviate
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The conflict could **escalate** rapidly into a full-scale war.
36. **Word: Convene (बटुर्ना)**
- **Pronunciation:** kuhn-veen/ कन्वीन
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** come or bring together for a meeting or activity; assemble.
  - **Synonyms:** assemble, gather, collect
  - **Antonyms:** adjourn, cancel, disperse
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The committee will **convene** at 11.30 next Thursday.
37. **Word: Counsel (सुझाव देना)**
- **Pronunciation:** koun-suhl/ काउन्सल
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** give professional help and advice to (someone) to resolve personal or psychological problems.
  - **Synonyms:** advise, guide, direct
  - **Antonyms:** cheat, mislead, delusion
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** If the old dog barks, he gives **counsel**.
38. **Word: Restraint (नियंत्रण)**
- **Pronunciation:** ri-streynt/रीस्ट्रैन्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a. a measure or condition that keeps someone or something under control.  
b. unemotional, dispassionate, or moderate behaviour; self-control.
  - **Synonyms:** self-discipline, control
  - **Antonyms:** freedom, allowance
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The girl showed great **restraint** in not crying.
39. **Word: Mirage (धोखा)**
- **Pronunciation:** mi-rahzh/ मराश
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** an unrealistic hope or wish that cannot be achieved.
  - **Synonyms:** illusion, hallucination, delusion
  - **Antonyms:** reality, fact, actuality
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** It hovered before his eyes like the **mirage** of an oasis.
40. **Word: Rocked (झुलाना/ कंपित होना)**
- **Pronunciation:** rok/ राक
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb

- **Meaning:**
    - move gently to and fro or from side to side
    - cause great shock or distress to (someone or something), especially so as to weaken or destabilize.
  - **Synonyms:** jolted, jarred, shaken up, quiver
  - **Antonyms:** stabilized, calmed
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** She **rocked** back and fourth, tears coursing down her cheeks unchecked.
41. **Word: Rattle (झिड़कना)**
- **Pronunciation:** rat-l/ रैटल
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** make (someone) nervous, worried, or irritated.
  - **Synonyms:** fluster, agitate, clatter
  - **Antonyms:** soothe, silence, hush
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** I'm going to **rattle** through my work today so that I can go home early.
42. **Word: Restive (अशांत)**
- **Pronunciation:** res-tiv/ रेस्टिव
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** (of a person) unable to remain still, silent, or submissive, especially because of boredom or dissatisfaction.
  - **Synonyms:** restless, unruly, impatient
  - **Antonyms:** calm, relaxed, collected
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Communist leaders struggled to rule over increasingly **restive** populations.
43. **Word: Fan (अनुरागी करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** fan/ फैन
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** cause (a belief or emotion) to become stronger or more widespread.
  - **Synonyms:** enthusiast, supporter, devotee
  - **Antonyms:** enemy, doubter, cynic
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Ed was snowed under with **fan** mail when he was doing his television show.
44. **Word: Ambit (क्षेत्र)**
- **Pronunciation:** am-bit/ ऐम्बिट
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the scope, extent, or bounds of something.
  - **Synonyms:** range, periphery, scope
  - **Antonyms:** angle, spotlight, hub

- **Usage in a Sentence:** Justice entailed bringing all relations within the **ambit** of divine order.
45. **Word: Fallout (उतार)**
- **Pronunciation:** fawl-out/ फॉलाउट
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the adverse results of a situation or action.
  - **Synonyms:** spillover, effect, rashness
  - **Antonyms:** development, high
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** They were exposed to radioactive **fallout** during nuclear weapons tests.
46. **Word: Foreground (पुरोभूमि)**
- **Pronunciation:** fawr-ground, fohr-/ फॉर्ग्राउन्ड
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** make (something) the most prominent or important feature.
  - **Synonyms:** highlight, forefront, obverse
  - **Antonyms:** background, play down, downplay
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** He is the bowler-hatted figure in the **foreground** of Orpen's famous painting.
47. **Word: Cobble (छोटे पत्थर, मरम्मत करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** kob-uh l/ काबल
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:** a. a small round stone used to cover road surfaces. [Noun]  
b. roughly assemble or produce something from available parts or elements. [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** patch, stone, tinker
  - **Antonyms:** dislodge, blighted
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** I just had to **cobble** this meal together from what I had in the fridge.
48. **Word: Defection (अभाव)**
- **Pronunciation:** dih-fek-shuhn/ डिफेक्शन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the desertion of one's country or cause in favour of an opposing one.
  - **Synonyms:** betrayal, abandonment, split
  - **Antonyms:** loyalty
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Barring unexpected **defections** from the coalition, Mr Hashimoto should be confirmed in a special parliamentary session on Thursday.
49. **Word: Desertion (अपसरण)**
- **Pronunciation:** dih-zur-shuh n/ डिज़र्शन

- **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the action of deserting a person, cause, or organization.
  - **Synonyms:** betrayal, denial, defection
  - **Antonyms:** honesty, loyalty
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** There were thousands of **desertions** in the last weeks of the war.
50. **Word: Foster (प्रोत्साहन देना)**
- **Pronunciation:** faw-ster/ फॉस्टर
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** encourage the development of (something, especially something desirable).
  - **Synonyms:** nurture, support
  - **Antonyms:** neglect, ignore
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The leader did his best to **foster** a sense of solidarity among the new volunteers.
51. **Word: Arson (आगजनी)**
- **Pronunciation:** ahr-suh n/ आर्सन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the criminal act of deliberately setting fire to property.
  - **Synonyms:** fire-raising, ignition, crime
  - **Antonyms:** fire-proof, drain
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The village was destroyed in an **arson** attack.
52. **Word: Chauvinistic (अंधराष्ट्रवादी)**
- **Pronunciation:** shoh-vuh-nist/ चोवनिस्टिक
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** feeling or displaying aggressive or exaggerated patriotism.
  - **Synonyms:** nationalistic, xenophobic, jingo
  - **Antonyms:** multicultural, tolerant, non-biased
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The crowd was enthusiastically singing **chauvinistic** patriotic songs.
53. **Word: Buckle (झुका देना)**
- **Pronunciation:** shoh-vuh-nist/ बकल
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a flat, typically rectangular frame with a hinged pin, used for joining the ends of a belt or strap. [Noun]
    - fasten or decorate with a buckle. [Verb]
    - bend and give way under pressure or strain. [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** clasp, crumple, bend, collapse
  - **Antonyms:** unbuckle, smooth, straighten

- **Usage in a Sentence:** He tried to **buckle** down to some work.
54. **Word: Indigenous (स्वदेशीय)**
- **Pronunciation:** in-dij-uh-nuhs/ इन्डिजनस
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** originating or occurring naturally in a particular place; native
  - **Synonyms:** native, domestic, aboriginal, natural
  - **Antonyms:** foreign, alien, exotic, immigrant
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Many of the **indigenous** insects are needed to pollinate the local plants.
55. **Word: Vociferously (शोर-गुल के साथ)**
- **Pronunciation:** voh-sif-er-uhs/ वोसिफरस्ली
  - **Part of Speech:** Adverb
  - **Meaning:** in a loud and forceful manner
  - **Synonyms:** noisily, loudly, blatantly
  - **Antonyms:** gently, peacefully, mutely, noiselessly
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** They are arguing **vociferously** over who should pay the bill.
56. **Word: Overblown (अतिविकसित)**
- **Pronunciation:** oh-ver-blohn/ ओवर्ब्लोन
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:**
    - overdone or excessive
    - of unusually large size or proportions
    - made to seem more impressive or important than is the case; exaggerated or pretentious.
  - **Synonyms:** bombastic, exaggerated
  - **Antonyms:** undervalued, artless
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The yard was **overblown** by snow from the roof.
57. **Word: Retaliation (प्रति-हिंसा)**
- **Pronunciation:** ri-tal-ee-ey-shuh n/ रीटैलीऐशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - the action of returning a military attack; counter-attack.
    - the action of harming someone because they have harmed oneself; revenge.
  - **Synonyms:** revenge, punishment
  - **Antonyms:** mercy, forgiveness
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The armed forces were on high alert to guard against any **retaliation**.



58. **Word: Blockade (नाकाबन्दी)**

- **Pronunciation:** blo-keyd/ ब्लाकेड
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - a. an act or means of sealing off a place to prevent goods or people from entering or leaving. [Noun]
  - b. seal off (a place) to prevent goods or people from entering or leaving. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** barricade, block, stop, obstruction
- **Antonyms:** access, opening, activate
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The **blockade** was aimed at starving the country into submission.

59. **Word: Ethnic (प्रजातीय)**

- **Pronunciation:** eth-nik/ एथनिक
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
- **Meaning:**
  - a. relating to a population subgroup (within a larger or dominant national or cultural group) with a common national or cultural tradition. [Adjective]
  - b. a member of an ethnic minority. [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** cultural, tribal, heathen
- **Antonyms:** nonracial, international, segregative
- **Usage in a Sentence:** I do believe it is possible for different **ethnic** groups to live together in harmony.

60. **Word: Discord (अनबन)**

- **Pronunciation:** dis-kawrd/ डिस्कॉर्ड
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - a. disagreement between people. [Noun]
  - b. lack of harmony between notes sounding together. [Noun]
  - c. (of people) disagree. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** dissension, strife, dispute, disharmony
- **Antonyms:** peace, sympathy, agreement, concord
- **Usage in a Sentence:** A note of **discord** surfaced during the proceedings.

61. **Word: Eerily (भयग्रस्त)**

- **Pronunciation:** eer-ee/ ईरिली
- **Part of Speech:** Adverb
- **Meaning:** in a strange and frightening manner

- **Synonyms:** spookily, uncannily, creepily, weirdly
- **Antonyms:** harmoniously, agreeably, musically
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Her voice was **eerily** similar to her dead grandmother's.

62. **Word: Trumping (पछाड़ देना)**

- **Pronunciation:** truhmp/ ट्रम्प
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** surpass (something) by saying or doing something better.
- **Synonyms:** excel, surpass, exceed
- **Antonyms:** make things worse
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The offer may **trump** up business for other companies, as well.

63. **Word: Incumbent (अवलंबी)**

- **Pronunciation:** in-kuhm-buh nt/ इन्कम्बन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Adjective
- **Meaning:**
  - a. the holder of an office or post. [Noun]
  - b. necessary for (someone) as a duty or responsibility. [Adjective]
- **Synonyms:** obligatory, officeholder
- **Antonyms:** aspirant, layman, nonessential
- **Usage in a Sentence:** It's **incumbent** on parents to advise their children about the bad and good habits.

64. **Word: Fester (कटुता उत्पन्न करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** fes-ter/ फेस्टर
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - a. become rotten and offensive to the senses
  - b. become worse or more intense, especially through long-term neglect or indifference.
- **Synonyms:** rot, rankle, decay
- **Antonyms:** heal, ease, amendment
- **Use in Sentence:** The injury will **fester** and become infected if antibiotics are not applied quickly.

65. **Word: Bane (विपत्ति)**

- **Pronunciation:** beyn/ बेन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a cause of great distress or annoyance.
- **Synonyms:** curse, evil, plague, calamity
- **Antonyms:** benefit, blessing, boon

- **Usage in a Sentence:** The poor train service has been the **bane** of commuters for years.
66. **Word: Gesture (इशारा, संकेत करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** jes-cher/ जेस्चर
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:** a. a movement of part of the body, especially a hand or the head, to express an idea or meaning. [Noun]  
b. make a gesture. [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** signal, motion, sign
  - **Antonyms:** speech, dismiss, impropriety
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The government has only made a token **gesture** towards helping the unemployed.
67. **Word: Diplomacy (राजनय)**
- **Pronunciation:** dih-ploh-muh-see/ डिप्लोमसी
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the art of dealing with people in a sensitive and tactful way.
  - **Synonyms:** discretion, tact, statecraft
  - **Antonyms:** rudeness, impoliteness, bluntness
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** America's present need is not heroics, but calm **diplomacy**.
68. **Word: Stance (अवस्थिति)**
- **Pronunciation:** stans/स्टैन्स
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a. the way in which someone stands, especially when deliberately adopted (as in cricket, golf, and other sports); a person's posture.
  - **Synonyms:** standpoint, attitude, bearing
  - **Antonyms:** unsteadiness, inaction
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The man maintains a rigidly right-wing political **stance**.
69. **Word: Brink (कगार)**
- **Pronunciation:** bringk/ब्रिंगक
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a point at which something is about to happen; the verge.
  - **Synonyms:** border, boundary, edge
  - **Antonyms:** middle, center, inside
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Researchers are on the **brink** of making a new discovery.
70. **Word: Spiral (घुमावदार, कुंडली, सर्पिल गति से जाना)**
- **Pronunciation:** spahy-ruh l/ स्पाइरल
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun, Verb

- **Meaning:** a. winding in a continuous and gradually widening (or tightening) curve, either round a central point on a flat plane or about an axis so as to form a cone. [Adjective]  
b. spiral curve, shape, pattern, or object. [Noun]  
c. move in a spiral course.
  - **Synonyms:** coil, volute, helix
  - **Antonyms:** straight, plummet, uncoiled
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The road of life is a **spiral** path, only swagger, flexible turning, can rise to the ideal.
71. **Word: Utterance (अभिव्यक्ति)**
- **Pronunciation:** uht-er-uh ns/ अटरन्स
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the action of saying or expressing something aloud.
  - **Synonyms:** articulation, voice, expression
  - **Antonyms:** silence, question, listening
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** However, the **utterance** only succeeds in having this function if certain external conditions are fulfilled.
72. **Word: Foil (असफलता, व्यग्र करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** foil/ फॉइल
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:** a. a defeat; check; repulse. [Noun]  
b. frustrate the efforts or plans of.
  - **Synonyms:** thwart, frustrate, defeat
  - **Antonyms:** help, assist, abet
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Her sparkling jewellery served as the perfect **foil** for her fine complexion.
73. **Word: Manhandle (हार्थो से चलाना, पीटना)**
- **Pronunciation:** man-han-dl/ मैन्हेन्डल
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** a. move (a heavy object) by hand with great effort.  
b. handle (someone) roughly by dragging or pushing
  - **Synonyms:** jostle, shove, hustle, abuse, maltreat, mistreat
  - **Antonyms:** pet, pamper
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** In his rear mirror he watched his father struggle with the doors and **manhandle** the basket on to the ground.

74. **Word: Outrage (उपद्रव करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** out-reyj/आउट्रेज
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:** a. an extremely strong reaction of anger, shock, or indignation. [Noun]  
b. arouse fierce anger, shock, or indignation in (someone). [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** violence, uproar
- **Antonyms:** calm, peaceful
- **Usage in a Sentence:** There is extensive public **outrage** over the slaughter.

75. **Word: Obfuscation (घबराहट)**

- **Pronunciation:** ob-fuh-skey-shuhn/आब्फस्कैशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the action of making something obscure, unclear, or unintelligible.
- **Synonyms:** perplexity, vagueness
- **Antonyms:** enlightenment, clarification
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Only perfectionist believe in the advantage of **obfuscation**.

76. **Word: Haven (शरण स्थान)**

- **Pronunciation:** hey-vuh n/ हेवन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a place of safety or refuge.
- **Synonyms:** sanctuary, harbor, refuge
- **Antonyms:** hazard, risk, danger
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The river banks are a **haven** for wildlife.

77. **Word: Herald (अग्रदूत, घोषित करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** her-uhld/ हेरल्ड
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**  
a. a person or thing viewed as a sign that something is about to happen [Noun]  
b. be a sign that (something) is about to happen [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** harbinger, precursor, foretell, proclaim
- **Antonyms:** catch, adhere, attend
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The result could **herald** the revival of the dormant kit car industry.

78. **Word: Ram (टक्कर मारना)**

- **Pronunciation:** ram/ रैम
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** roughly force (something) into place.
- **Synonyms:** force, thrust, drive
- **Antonyms:** tap, dawdle, take out

- **Usage in a Sentence:** They got a battering **ram** to smash down the door.

79. **Phrase: Up the ante (दाव बढ़ाना)**

- **Pronunciation:** अप द एंटी
- **Part of Speech:** Phrase
- **Meaning:** to increase your risks or demands in order to get a greater advantage.
- **Synonyms:** raise the ante, raise the bar, up a notch
- **Antonyms:** lower standards, reduce costs, depreciate
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The owners are constantly carping about runaway salaries, then fall over themselves to jump the gun and **up the ante**.

80. **Word: Precision (उम्दगी)**

- **Pronunciation:** pri-sizh-uhn/ प्रिसिशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the quality, condition, or fact of being exact and accurate.
- **Synonyms:** accuracy, correctness, exactness
- **Antonyms:** inaccuracy, falsity, imprecision
- **Usage in a Sentence:** To minimize collateral damage maximum **precision** in bombing was required.

81. **Word: Paradigmatic (निदर्शनात्मक)**

- **Pronunciation:** par-uh-dig-mat-ik/ पैरडाइमैटिक
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** serving as a typical example of something.
- **Synonyms:** model, iconic, exemplary
- **Antonyms:** individual, co-operative, syntagmatic
- **Usage in a Sentence:** This may be due to the greater **paradigmatic** influence of geophysical research on the other earth sciences.

82. **Word: Radicalize (उग्र सुधारवादी बनाना)**

- **Pronunciation:** rad-i-kuh-lahyz/ रेडिकलाइज़
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** cause (someone) to adopt radical positions on political or social issues.
- **Synonyms:** alter, change, modify
- **Antonyms:** cool, decontaminate, unscramble
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Young people have been **radicalized** by the struggle with the government.

83. **Word: Detonate (दागना)**

- **Pronunciation:** det-n-eyt/ डेटनेट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** explode or cause to explode.
- **Synonyms:** explode, set off, blow up
- **Antonyms:** defuse, dismantle, confirm
- **Usage in a Sentence:** France is expected to **detonate** its first nuclear device in the next few days.

84. **Word: Euphemism (कोमल भाषा)**

- **Pronunciation:** yoo-fuh-miz-uh m/ यूफमिज़म
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a mild or indirect word or expression substituted for one considered to be too harsh or blunt when referring to something unpleasant or embarrassing.
- **Synonyms:** expression, metaphor, allegory
- **Antonyms:** dysphemism, succinctness
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The article made so much use of **euphemism** that often its meaning was unclear.

85. **Word: Brace (बंधन, बांधना)**

- **Pronunciation:** breys/ ब्रेस
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:** a. a strengthening piece of iron or timber used in building or carpentry. [Noun]  
b. prepare (someone) for something difficult or unpleasant. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** support, strengthen, prop
- **Antonyms:** let go, weaken, loosen
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The passengers were told to **brace** themselves for a crash landing.

86. **Word: Chicanery (कुतर्क)**

- **Pronunciation:** shi-key-nuh-ree/ शिकेनरी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the use of deception or subterfuge to achieve one's purpose.
- **Synonyms:** trickery, duplicity, deception
- **Antonyms:** honesty, truthfulness, openness
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Clearly there is some **chicanery** going on and perhaps in due course we will find out the truth.

87. **Word: Eschew (छोड़ना)**

- **Pronunciation:** es-choo/ एस्चू
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** deliberately avoid using; abstain from.
- **Synonyms:** shun, avoid, evade

- **Antonyms:** embrace, pursue, confront
- **Usage in a Sentence:** To **eschew** detail is to float in the clouds above the wood.

88. **Word: Pillory (निंदा करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** pil-uh-ree/पिलरी
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** attack or ridiculed publicly.
- **Synonyms:** vilify, shame, denounce
- **Antonyms:** accolade, admiration, esteem
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The man was **pilloried** in the newspapers and his resignation demanded.

89. **Word: Construe (समझना)**

- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-stroo/कन्स्ट्रू
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - interpret (a word or action) in a particular way.
  - analyse the syntax of (a text, sentence, or word).
- **Synonyms:** interpret, understand
- **Antonyms:** befuddle, complicate
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He may **construe** the approach as a hostile act.

90. **Word: Inviolable (अनुलंघनीय)**

- **Pronunciation:** in-vahy-uh-luh-buhl/ इन्वाइअलबल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** never to be broken, infringed, or dishonoured.
- **Synonyms:** sacrosanct, secure, impregnable
- **Antonyms:** violable, alienable, profane
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The game had a single **inviolable** rule: obstacles were to be overcome, not circumvented.

91. **Word: Nudge (टहोका मारना)**

- **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
- **Pronunciation:** nuhj/ नज
- **Meaning:**
  - prod (someone) gently with one's elbow in order to attract attention. [Verb]
  - a light touch or push. [Noun]
- **Synonyms:** push, poke
- **Antonyms:** discourage, dissuade
- **Usage in a Sentence:** I gave him a **nudge** to wake him up.

92. **Word: Moderation (संतुलन)**

- **Pronunciation:** mod-uh-rey-shuh n/ माडरेशन



- **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the avoidance of excess or extremes, especially in one's behaviour or political opinions.
  - **Synonyms:** restraint, continence, abstain
  - **Antonyms:** greed, excess, extreme
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Some people think drinking in **moderation** can prevent heart disease.
93. **Word: Defuse (स्थिति को गंभीर होने से रोकना)**
- **Pronunciation:** dee-fyooz/ डिफ्यूज़
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - remove the fuse from (an explosive device) in order to prevent it from exploding
    - make (a situation) less tense or dangerous.
  - **Synonyms:** unset, deactivate, appease, relieve
  - **Antonyms:** aggravate, agitate, stimulate
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** A spokesman said this firm action had **defused** a very nasty situation.
94. **Word: Parlous (खतरनाक)**
- **Pronunciation:** pahr-luh s/पार्लस
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Adverb
  - **Meaning:**
    - full of danger or uncertainty; precarious. [Adjective]
    - greatly or excessively. [Adverb]
  - **Synonyms:** perilous, hazardous, risky
  - **Antonyms:** secure, innocent, hopeful
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** My cousins had a **parlous** journey on hilly areas.
95. **Word: Amenable (प्रतिसंवेदी)**
- **Pronunciation:** uh-mee-nuh-buhl/ अमेनबल
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** open and responsive to suggestion; easily persuaded or controlled.
  - **Synonyms:** complaint, manageable, controllable
  - **Antonyms:** stubborn, defiant, obstinate
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** His scientific discoveries are **amenable** to the laws of physics.
96. **Word: Entrenched (अंतर्निहित)**
- **Pronunciation:** en-tren-ch-d/ इन्ट्रेन्चट
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** to establish an attitude, habit, or belief so strongly that it is not likely to change
  - **Synonyms:** fixed, inflexible, instilled
  - **Antonyms:** vulnerable, adjustable, unestablished
  - **Usage in Sentence:** Our soldiers have **entrenched** themselves behind the battle lines.
97. **Word: Loom (संकट मँडराना)**
- **Pronunciation:** loom/ लूम
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** appear as a vague form, especially one that is large or threatening
  - **Synonyms:** menace, emerge, stand out
  - **Antonyms:** disappear, diminish, remove
  - **Use in a Sentence:** We should flag those problems that could **loom** ahead.
98. **Word: Embark (प्रारम्भ करना)**
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Pronunciation:** em-bahrk/ इम्बार्क
  - **Meaning:** begin (a course of action).
  - **Synonyms:** commence, initiate
  - **Antonyms:** conclude, culminate
  - **Use in a Sentence:** The man is about to **embark** on a strategic career.
99. **Word: Vacuum (शून्य स्थान)**
- **Pronunciation:** vak-yoom/ वैक्यूअम
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a space entirely devoid of matter. (Noun)
    - clean with a vacuum cleaner. (Verb)
  - **Synonyms:** void, emptiness, vacancy
  - **Antonyms:** fullness, abundance
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The writer criticized the moral **vacuum** in society.
100. **Word: Expeditionary (अभियान का)**
- **Pronunciation:** ek-spi-dish-uh-ner-ee/ एकस्पडिशनेरी
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** of or forming an expedition, especially a military expedition.
  - **Synonyms:** legionary, travelling
  - **Antonyms:** civilian
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** In September Parliament sent an **expeditionary** force against them, under Warwick as admiral.
101. **Word: Expatriate (निर्वासित करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** eks-pey-tree-eyt/ एकस्पेट्रीएट

- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Adjective, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. a person who lives outside their native country. (Noun)
    - b. denoting or relating to a person living outside their native country. (Adjective)
    - c. send (a person or money) abroad. (Verb)
  - **Synonyms:** exile, banish, expel
  - **Antonyms:** repatriate, hold
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Most **expatriates** will benefit from consulting an independent financial adviser for specialist help.
102. **Word: Castigate (दण्ड देना)**
- **Pronunciation:** kas-ti-geyt/ कैस्टगेट
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** reprimand (someone) severely.
  - **Synonyms:** punish, reprimand, scold
  - **Antonyms:** celebrate, praise, laud
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** She could not find sufficient reproaches with which to **castigate** herself.
103. **Word: Abruptly (अचानक ही)**
- **Part of Speech:** Adverb
  - **Meaning:** a. suddenly and unexpectedly.  
b. in a rude or curt manner.
  - **Pronunciation:** uh-bruhpt-ly/अब्रुप्ट्ली
  - **Synonyms:** hastily, swiftly
  - **Antonyms:** slowly, gradually
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** She turned **abruptly** and walked away.
104. **Word: Summitry (शिखर-सम्मेलन-विधि)**
- **Pronunciation:** suhm-i-tree/ समिट्री
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the act or practice of holding a summit meeting, especially to conduct diplomatic negotiations.
  - **Synonyms:** audience, council, congress
  - **Antonyms:** absence, silence, quiet
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Certainly, the mood music of **summitry** was transformed by the end of the Cold War.
105. **Word: Knack (अभ्यास)**
- **Pronunciation:** nak/ नैक
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** an acquired or natural skill at doing something.
  - **Synonyms:** talent, ability, skill
  - **Antonyms:** inability, fragility, aptitude
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** He has an unerring **knack** of saying the wrong thing.

106. **Word: Spanner (नापनेवाला)**
- **Pronunciation:** span-er/ स्पैनर
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a tool with a shaped opening or jaws for gripping and turning a nut or bolt.
  - **Synonyms:** wrench, room key, key fob
  - **Antonyms:** untwist, unroll, unbraided
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** I needed a special **spanner** and I couldn't beg, steal or borrow one anywhere.
107. **Word: Bung (डाट लगाना)**
- **Pronunciation:** buhng/ बंग
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** put or throw (something) somewhere in a careless or casual way.
  - **Synonyms:** stop, plug, cork
  - **Antonyms:** conduit, take out
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Will you **bung** another coin in the machine?
108. **Word: Queer (विचित्र, समलैंगिक पुरुष, धोखा देना)**
- **Pronunciation:** kweer/ क्विर
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:** a. strange; odd. [Adjective]  
b. a homosexual man. [Noun]  
c. spoil or ruin (an agreement, event, or situation). [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** odd, strange, peculiar
  - **Antonyms:** normal, common, usual
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** His imagination played round that **queer** idea.
109. **Word: Tantalizing (तरसानेवाला)**
- **Pronunciation:** tan-tl-ahy-zing/ टैन्टलाइज़िंग
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** tormenting or teasing with the sight or promise of something unobtainable.
  - **Synonyms:** tempting, alluring, appealing
  - **Antonyms:** boring, jejune, dreary
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** I caught a **tantalizing** glimpse of the sparkling blue sea through the trees.
110. **Word: Stockpile (टाल, बड़ी मात्रा में बचा कर रखना)**
- **Pronunciation:** stok-pahyl/ स्टॉकपाइल
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:** a. a large accumulated stock of goods or materials, especially one held in reserve for use at a time of shortage or other emergency. [Noun]  
b. accumulate a large stock of (goods or materials). [Verb]

- **Synonyms:** hoard, store, stock
  - **Antonyms:** spend, give, need
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** They have a stockpile of weapons and ammunition that will last several months.
111. **Word: Proliferation (प्रचार)**
- **Pronunciation:** pruh-lif-uh-rey-shuh  
n/प्रोलिफरेशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a. rapid increase in the number or amount of something.
  - **Synonyms:** propagation, growth
  - **Antonyms:** abatement, decline
  - **Usage in Sentence:** The past one year have seen the **proliferation** of TV channels.
112. **Word: Rhetoric (शब्दाडम्बर)**
- **Pronunciation:** ret-er-ik/रेटरिक
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** language designed to have a persuasive or impressive effect, but which is often regarded as lacking in sincerity or meaningful content.
  - **Synonyms:** Elocution, Discourse, Bombast
  - **Antonyms:** Conciseness, Quiet
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** As the elections are just one week away, the **rhetoric** on both parties is building.
113. **Word: Belated (विलंबित)**
- **Pronunciation:** bih-ley-tid/ बिलेटिड
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** coming or happening later than should have been the case
  - **Synonyms:** late, overdue, tardy, delayed
  - **Antonyms:** punctual, early, timely, prompt
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The award is being made in **belated** recognition of her services to the industry.
114. **Word: Gallows (प्राणदण्ड)**
- **Pronunciation:** gal-ohz/ गैलोज़
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. a structure, typically of two uprights and a crosspiece, for the hanging of criminals.
    - b. execution by hanging.
  - **Synonyms:** hanging, noose, scaffold
  - **Antonyms:** redemption
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Save a thief from **gallows** and he will help hang you.

115. **Phrase: Silver lining (आशा की किरण)**

- **Pronunciation:** सिल्वर लाइनिंग
- **Part of Speech:** Idiom
- **Meaning:** something positive that comes out of a sad or unpleasant situation.
- **Synonyms:** ray of hope, bright side, positive side
- **Antonyms:** bad side
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The fall in inflation is the **silver lining** of the prolonged recession.

116. **Word: Elapse (व्यतीत होना)**

- **Pronunciation:** ih-laps/ इलैप्स
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** (of time) pass or go by
- **Synonyms:** pass, slip away, go by
- **Antonyms:** bide, ablaze, reiterate, appear
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The return of the echo will **elapse** longer time.

117. **Word: Testimony (गवाही)**

- **Pronunciation:** tes-tuh-moh-nee/ टेस्टमोनी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
  - a. a formal written or spoken statement, especially one given in a court of law.
  - b. evidence or proof of something.
- **Synonyms:** confirmation, verification, declaration
- **Antonyms:** denial, rebuttal, charge
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The **testimony** of witnesses supported the defendant.

118. **Word: Heinous (जघन्य)**

- **Pronunciation:** hey-nuhs/ हेन्स
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** (of a person or wrongful act, especially a crime) utterly odious or wicked.
- **Synonyms:** atrocious, abominable, monstrous, evil
- **Antonyms:** glorious, good, lovely, magnificent
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Hitler's **heinous** crimes will never be forgotten.

119. **Word: Condign (उपयुक्त)**

- **Pronunciation:** kuhn-dahyn/ कन्डाइन
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** (of punishment or retribution) appropriate to the crime or wrongdoing; fitting and deserved.
- **Synonyms:** deserved, just, rightful, due
- **Antonyms:** undeserved, undue, unlawful

- **Usage in a Sentence:** The public approved the **condign** punishment.
120. **Word: Discrepancy (असहमति)**
- **Pronunciation:** dih-skrep-uhn-see/ डिस्क्रेपन्सी
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** an illogical or surprising lack of compatibility or similarity between two or more facts.
  - **Synonyms:** inconsistency, difference, disparity
  - **Antonyms:** agreement, harmony
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** There was a **discrepancy** in the two reports of the accident.
121. **Word: Retention (अवरोधन)**
- **Pronunciation:** ri-ten-shuh n/ रिटेन्शन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. he continued possession, use, or control of something.
    - b. the action of absorbing and continuing to hold a substance.
  - **Synonyms:** keeping, holding, reservation, withholding
  - **Antonyms:** release, liberation, discharge, dismissal
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Visual materials aid the **retention** of information.
122. **Word: Inevitable (अनिवार्य)**
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Pronunciation:** in-ev-i-tuh-buh l/ इनेविटबल
  - **Meaning:** certain to happen; unavoidable.
  - **Synonyms:** inescapable, unpreventable, assured, certain
  - **Antonyms:** avoidable, evitable, unsure, uncertain
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** It was an **inevitable** consequence of the decision.
123. **Word: Redound (सहायता करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** ri-dound/ रिडाउन्ड
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** contribute greatly to (a person's credit or honour).
  - **Synonyms:** conduce, contribute, recoil, return
  - **Antonyms:** hinder, abate, lower
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Her success will **redound** to the fame of Beijing University.

124. **Word: Affluent (भरापूरा)**

- **Pronunciation:** ऐफ्लूअन्ट/ af-loo-uh nt
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** (especially of a group or area) having a great deal of money; wealthy
- **Synonyms:** wealthy, rich, prosperous, opulent, well off, moneyed
- **Antonyms:** indigent, poor, needy
- **Usage in a Sentence:** **Affluent** people tend to look upon illiteracy with comfortable detachment.

125. **Word: Clamour (गोहार, धूम मचाना)**

- **Pronunciation:** klam-er/ क्लैमर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - a. a loud and confused noise, especially that of people shouting. (Noun)
  - b. shout loudly and insistently. (Verb)
- **Synonyms:** Uproar, Outcry, Roar
- **Antonyms:** Silence, Peace
- **Usage in a Sentence:** When I do my work at home, my kids often **clamour** for my attention by shouting my name.

126. **Word: Veteran (अनुभवी)**

- **Pronunciation:** vet-er-uh n /वेट्रन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a person who has had long experience in a particular field.
- **Synonyms:** experienced, skilled
- **Antonyms:** amateur, jejune
- **Usage in a Sentence:** She is a **veteran** campaigner for human rights.

127. **Word: Assurance (आश्वासन)**

- **Pronunciation:** uh-shoor-uhns/ अशुरन्स
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** certainty about something.
- **Synonyms:** confidence, conviction, guarantee
- **Antonyms:** fear, timidity, distrust
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He gave me his personal **assurance** that the vehicle was safe.

128. **Word: Insurgent (द्रोही)**

- **Pronunciation:** in-sur-juh nt/इन्सर्जन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a person fighting against a government or invading force; a rebel or revolutionary.
- **Synonyms:** maverick, rebel, revolutionary



- **Antonyms:** loyal, compliant, obedient
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** **Insurgent** forces were reported advancing in the region.
129. **Word: Thump (धुंसा, ठोंकना)**
- **Pronunciation:** tuhmp/ थम्प
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
  - **Meaning:** a. hit or strike heavily, especially with the fist or a blunt implement. [Verb]  
b. a dull, heavy blow with a person's fist or a blunt implement. [Noun]
  - **Synonyms:** hit, whack, knock
  - **Antonyms:** dab, accomplish, fingertip
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The bass guitar began to **thump** so loudly that it resonated in my head.
130. **Phrase: Modus Vivendi (झगड़े का निपटारा होने तक की गई व्यवस्था)**
- **Pronunciation:** moh-duh s vi-ven-dee/ मोडुस वीवेन्डी
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** an arrangement or agreement allowing conflicting parties to coexist peacefully, either indefinitely or until a final settlement is reached.
  - **Synonyms:** lifestyle, way, manner
  - **Antonyms:** friction
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** We hope President Ma's **modus vivendi** will demonstrate more dynamism and substance.
131. **Phrase: Clamp Down (कठोर नीति)**
- **Pronunciation:** klamp doun/क्लैम्पडाउन
  - **Part of Speech:** Phrasal Verb of Clamp
  - **Meaning:** a. suppress or prevent something in an oppressive or harsh manner.
  - **Synonyms:** suppress, prevent
  - **Antonyms:** bring up, extract
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The situation could worsen this year as the government continues to **clamp down** on credit.
132. **Word: Dissent (एतराज़ करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** dih-sent/ डिसेन्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
  - **Meaning:**  
a. the holding or expression of opinions at variance with those commonly or officially held. [Noun]  
b. hold or express opinions that are at variance with those commonly or officially held. [Verb]

- **Synonyms:** conflict, disagree
  - **Antonyms:** ascent, approve
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** There were murmurs of both assent and **dissent** from the crowd.
133. **Word: Turbulence (अशांति)**
- **Pronunciation:** tur-byuh-luh ns/ टर्ब्युलन्स
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a state of conflict or confusion.
  - **Synonyms:** disturbance, agitation, turmoil
  - **Antonyms:** calmness, serenity, tranquility
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Yesterday, I had a very smooth journey with no **turbulence** at all.
134. **Word: Fray (झगड़ा)**
- **Pronunciation:** freI/फ़्रै
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a situation of intense competitive activity, a battle or fight.
  - **Synonyms:** brawl, scuffle, quarrel
  - **Antonyms:** agreement, harmony, tranquility
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Why should we get involved in others **fray**?
135. **Word: Evade (बचना)**
- **Pronunciation:** ih-veyd/ इवेड
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** escape or avoid (someone or something), especially by guile or trickery.
  - **Synonyms:** avoid, escape, circumvent
  - **Antonyms:** accept, confront, take on
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** If you try to **evade** paying your taxes you risk going to prison.
136. **Word: Parley (बातचीत)**
- **Pronunciation:** pahr-lee/ पार्ली
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
  - **Meaning:**  
a. a conference between opposing sides in a dispute, especially a discussion of terms for an armistice. [Verb]  
b. hold a conference with the opposing side to discuss terms. [Noun]
  - **Synonyms:** dialogue, conclave
  - **Antonyms:** silence
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The general manager decided to hold a **parley** with the opposition.

137. **Word: Behest (आज्ञा)**

- **Pronunciation:** bih-hest/ बिहेस्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a person's orders or command
- **Synonyms:** command, order, mandate, bidding
- **Antonyms:** personal choice, answer
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The budget proposal was adopted at the President's **behest**.

138. **Word: Undermine (क्षीण करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** uhn-der-mahyn/ अन्डर्माइन
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** lessen the effectiveness, power, or ability of, especially gradually or insidiously.
- **Synonyms:** threaten, weaken, compromise, diminish
- **Antonyms:** strengthen, bolster, boost
- **Usage in a Sentence:** High-income tax can **undermine** work incentives.

139. **Word: Hedge (रोकना)**

- **Pronunciation:** hej/ हेज
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** limit or qualify (something) by conditions or exceptions.
- **Synonyms:** evade, put off
- **Antonyms:** expose, release
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Buying new flat may be a **hedge** against inflation.

140. **Word: Downright (स्पष्टवादी)**

- **Pronunciation:** doun-rahyt/ डाउनराइट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Adverb
- **Meaning:**
  - a. so direct in manner as to be blunt. [Adjective]
  - b. to an extreme degree; thoroughly. [Adverb]
- **Synonyms:** out-and-out, outright, absolute
- **Antonyms:** incomplete, pedant, harshly
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He wasn't just inconsiderate, he was **downright** rude.

141. **Word: Perverse (भ्रष्ट)**

- **Pronunciation:** per-vurs/ पर्वर्स
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** showing a deliberate and obstinate desire to behave in a way that is unreasonable or unacceptable.
- **Synonyms:** stubborn, wayward, obstinate
- **Antonyms:** agreeable, reasonable, tolerant

- **Usage in a Sentence:** Jack was being **perverse** and refused to agree with anything we said.

142. **Word: Procure (प्राप्त करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** proh-kyoor/ प्रोक्यूर
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - a. obtain (something), especially with care or effort.
  - b. persuade or cause (someone) to do something.
- **Synonyms:** acquire, receive
- **Antonyms:** abandon, give away
- **Usage in a Sentence:** He managed to **procure** a ticket for the concert.

143. **Word: Immaterial (अभौतिक)**

- **Pronunciation:** im-uh-teer-ee-uh / इमटीरीअल
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** unimportant under the circumstances; irrelevant
- **Synonyms:** insignificant, unsubstantial, intangible, unimportant
- **Antonyms:** important, material, relevant
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The body is material but the soul is **immaterial**.

144. **Word: Adjudication (अभिनिर्णय)**

- **Pronunciation:** uh-joo-di-key-shuh n/ अड्जूडिकेशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the action or process of adjudicating (a formal judgement on a disputed matter)
- **Synonyms:** decision, verdict, determination
- **Antonyms:** amnesty, beginning
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The case was referred to a higher court for **adjudication**.

145. **Word: Entrust (सौंपना)**

- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Pronunciation:** en-truhst/ एन्ट्रस्ट
- **Meaning:**
  - a. assign the responsibility for doing something to (someone).
  - b. put (something) into someone's care or protection.
- **Synonyms:** charge, delegate
- **Antonyms:** absolve, withhold
- **Usage in a Sentence:** We couldn't **entrust** our children to strangers.

146. **Word: Contravention (उल्लंघन)**

- **Pronunciation:** kon-truh-ven-shuh n/  
कान्ट्रवेन्शन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** an action which offends against a law, treaty, or other ruling.
- **Synonyms:** breach, violation, infringement, conflict
- **Antonyms:** obedience, conformity, compliance
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Several of the girls were wearing trousers, in **contravention** of the school rules on dress.

147. **Word: Salutory (लाभदायक)**

- **Pronunciation:** sal-yuh-ter-ee/ सैल्युटेरी
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** (especially with reference to something unwelcome or unpleasant) producing good effects; beneficial
- **Synonyms:** beneficial, healthy, helpful, restorative
- **Antonyms:** damaging, injurious, ill, harmful
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The accident was a **salutory** reminder of the dangers of climbing.

148. **Word: Outweigh (से अधिक होना)**

- **Pronunciation:** out-vey/ आउटवै
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** be heavier, greater, or more significant than.
- **Synonyms:** surpass, outbalance, exceed, excel
- **Antonyms:** fail, surrender
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The advantages of this deal largely **outweigh** the disadvantages.

149. **Word: Refrain (रोकना)**

- **Pronunciation:** ri-freyn/ रिफ्रेन
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** stop oneself from doing something.
- **Synonyms:** cease, desist
- **Antonyms:** persist, indulge
- **Use in a Sentence:** We must **refrain** from smoking.

150. **Word: Contend (संघर्ष करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-tend/ कन्टेन्ड
- **Part of Speech:** Verb

• **Meaning:**

- a. assert something as a position in an argument.
- b. struggle to surmount (a difficulty).
- **Synonyms:** cope with, withstand
- **Antonyms:** abandon, disown
- **Use in a Sentence:** The new President had great difficulties to **contend** with.

151. **Word: Scorn (तिरस्कार)**

- **Pronunciation:** skawrn/स्कॉर्न
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:** a. a feeling and expression of contempt or disdain for someone or something. [Noun]  
b. feel or express contempt or disdain for. [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** ridicule, disregard
- **Antonyms:** scrutinize, admire
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Researchers greeted the proposal with **scorn**.

152. **Word: Entrenched (अंतर्निहित)**

- **Pronunciation:** en-tren-ch-d/इन्ट्रेन्च्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** a. to establish an attitude, habit, or belief so strongly that it is not likely to change
- **Synonyms:** fixed, inflexible, instilled
- **Antonyms:** vulnerable, adjustable, unestablished
- **Usage in Sentence:** Our soldiers have **entrenched** themselves behind the battle lines.

153. **Word: Negation (असहमति)**

- **Pronunciation:** ni-gey-shuh n/ नगैशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the contradiction or denial of something.
- **Synonyms:** denial, repudiation, disavowal
- **Antonyms:** affirmation, approval, permission
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The author boxed the compass of **negation** in his article.

154. **Word: Influx (आगम)**

- **Pronunciation:** in-fluhks/ इन्फ्लक्स
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** an arrival or entry of large numbers of people or things.
- **Synonyms:** inflow, affluent, inrush
- **Antonyms:** outflow, exodus, efflux

- **Usage in a Sentence:** The country sealed its borders to prevent the **influx** of illegal immigrants.
155. **Word: Aftermath (परिणाम)**
- **Pronunciation:** af-ter-math/ऐफ्टर्मैथ
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the consequences or after-effects of a significant unpleasant event.
  - **Synonyms:** outcome, effect, eventuality
  - **Antonyms:** cause, reason, beginning
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** In the **aftermath** of the typhoon, many people's homes were destroyed.
156. **Word: Abdication (राज-त्याग)**
- **Pronunciation:** ab-di-key-shuh n/ ऐब्दिकेशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** an act of abdicating or renouncing the throne.
  - **Synonyms:** resignation, abandonment, surrender
  - **Antonyms:** buck, invasion, occupy
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The council denied that their decision represented any **abdication** of responsibility.
157. **Word: Fetish (अंधभक्ति)**
- **Pronunciation:** fet-ish/ फेटिश
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** an excessive and irrational devotion or commitment to a particular thing.
  - **Synonyms:** hammer down, talisman, monomania
  - **Antonyms:** bad omen, virgin ears
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Women's underclothes are a common **fetish**.
158. **Word: Enshrine (स्थापित करना)**
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Pronunciation:** en-shrahyn/एन्श्राइन
  - **Meaning:** a. place (a revered or precious object) in an appropriate receptacle. b. preserve (a right, tradition, or idea) in a form that ensures it will be protected and respected.
  - **Synonyms:** embody, manifest
  - **Antonyms:** degrade, depreciate
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** A lot of memories are **enshrined** in this photo album.
159. **Word: Shun (त्यागना)**
- **Pronunciation:** shuhn/शन्न
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** persistently avoid, ignore, or reject (someone or something) through antipathy or caution.
  - **Synonyms:** evade, dodge
  - **Antonyms:** accept, embrace
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** They wear simple clothes and **shun** modern inventions.
160. **Word: Reinstate (बहाल करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** ree-in-steyt/ रीडिन्स्टेट
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** restore (someone or something) to their former position or state.
  - **Synonyms:** restore, return, replace
  - **Antonyms:** fire, repeal, annul
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The governor is said to have agreed to **reinstate** five senior workers who were dismissed.
161. **Word: Invigorate (मज़बूत कर देना)**
- **Pronunciation:** in-vig-uh-reyt/ इन्विगरेट
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** give strength or energy to.
  - **Synonyms:** enliven, energize, stimulate, revive
  - **Antonyms:** drain, exhaust, demoralize
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The tactic could help **invigorate** a struggling campaign.
162. **Word: Resolute (दृढ़)**
- **Pronunciation:** rez-uh-loot/ रेज़लूट
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** admirably purposeful, determined, and unwavering.
  - **Synonyms:** determined, firm, stubborn, rigid
  - **Antonyms:** weak, irresolute, cowardly
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** He became even more **resolute** in his opposition to the plan.
163. **Word: Fragility (कोमलता)**
- **Pronunciation:** fraj-ili-ity/ फ्रजिलिटी
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. the quality of being easily broken or damaged.
    - b. the quality of being delicate or vulnerable.
  - **Synonyms:** infirmity, feebleness
  - **Antonyms:** harshness, resilience
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The **fragility** of life is now characterised by a power failure or a virus in computers.



164. **Word: Devolution (अंतरण)**

- **Pronunciation:** dev-uh-loo-shuh n/ डेवलूशन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
  - a. the transfer or delegation of power to a lower level, especially by a central government to local or regional administration.
  - b. descent to a lower or worse state.
- **Synonyms:** decentralisation, transfer, degeneration
- **Antonyms:** centralisation, evolution, development
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The **devolution** of financial management is one of the most important developments in recent legislation.

165. **Word: Malady (व्याधि)**

- **Pronunciation:** mal-uh-dee/ मैलडी
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** a disease or an ailment
- **Synonyms:** disease, infirmity, ailment, affliction
- **Antonyms:** wellness, remedy, strength
- **Usage in a Sentence:** All the rose bushes seem to be suffering from the same mysterious **malady**.

166. **Word: Afflict (कष्ट पहुँचाना)**

- **Pronunciation:** uh-flikt/ अफ्लिक्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** (of a problem or illness) cause pain or trouble to; affect adversely.
- **Synonyms:** trouble, distress
- **Antonyms:** comfort, soothe
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Given the turbulent times which still **afflict** the industry, this is a remarkable achievement.

167. **Word: Disenfranchisement (मताधिकार से वंचित करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** dis-en-fran-chahyz/ डिसएन्फ्रैन्चिज़्मन्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the state of being deprived of a right or privilege, especially the right to vote.
- **Synonyms:** restraint, domination
- **Antonyms:** enfranchisement, freedom, liberation

- **Usage in a Sentence:** A viable solution must recognise and deal with the sense of **disenfranchisement** that motivates terrorism.

168. **Word: Corrode (संक्षारित होना)**

- **Pronunciation:** kuh-rohd/ करोड
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - a. destroy or damage (metal, stone, or other materials) slowly by chemical action.
  - b. destroy or weaken (something) gradually.
- **Synonyms:** erode, deteriorate, waste
- **Antonyms:** build, aid, help
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The education system is being **corroded** by low salaries and corruption.

169. **Word: Sustenance (निर्वाह)**

- **Pronunciation:** suhs-tuh-nuh ns/ सस्टनन्स
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
  - a. food and drink regarded as a source of strength; nourishment
  - b. the maintaining of someone or something in life or existence.
- **Synonyms:** nourishment, support, maintenance, upkeep
- **Antonyms:** agony, curb, demolish
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Elections are necessary for the **sustenance** of democracy.

170. **Word: Pronounced (सुस्पष्ट)**

- **Pronunciation:** pruh-nounst/ प्रनाउन्स्ट
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** very noticeable or marked; conspicuous.
- **Synonyms:** clear, prominent, noticeable, distinct
- **Antonyms:** faint, concealed, indefinite
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The temperature change in winter is less **pronounced** in maritime areas.

171. **Word: Reiterate (दुहराना)**

- **Pronunciation:** ree-it-uh-reyt/ रीड्टरैट
- **Part of Speech:** Verb
- **Meaning:** say something again or a number of times, typically for emphasis or clarity.
- **Synonyms:** repeat, iterate, duplicate
- **Antonyms:** elapse, conceal, dismiss

- **Usage in a Sentence:** My teacher **reiterated** all the important points two days before the exam.
172. **Word: Rejuvenation (पुनर्युवीकरण)**
- **Pronunciation:** ri-joo-vuh-neyt/ रिजूवनेशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the action or process of making someone or something look or feel better, younger, or more vital.
  - **Synonyms:** renewal, restoration, revival
  - **Antonyms:** decline, degeneration
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** When I am exhausted after work, I count on a hot shower to rejuvenate myself.
173. **Word: Curb (नियंत्रण करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** kurb/ कर्ब
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. a check or restraint on something. [Noun]
    - b. restrain or keep in check. [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** inhibit, hinder
  - **Antonyms:** encourage, support
  - **Use in a Sentence:** Counselling acted as a **curb** on his violent behaviour.
174. **Word: Polarisation (ध्रुवीकरण)**
- **Pronunciation:** poh-ler-uh-zey-shuh n/ पोलरिज़ेशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** division into two sharply contrasting groups or sets of opinions or beliefs.
  - **Synonyms:** division, discord, opposition
  - **Antonyms:** reunion, coexistence, convergence
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Political **polarisation** in industrialised countries has fuelled a resurgence of fiscal conservatism.
175. **Word: Contender (मुकाबला करने वाला)**
- **Pronunciation:** kuhn-tend/ कन्टेन्डर
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a person or group competing with others to achieve something.
  - **Synonyms:** competitor, contestant, opponent, rival
  - **Antonyms:** supporter, ally, comrade
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** She was a strong **contender** for Britain's Olympic team.
176. **Word: Existential (अस्तित्वपरक)**
- **Pronunciation:** eg-zi-sten-shuh l/ एग्जिस्टेन्शल

- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:**
    - relating to existence
    - (of a proposition) affirming or implying the existence of a thing.
  - **Synonyms:** experiential, empirical, factual
  - **Antonyms:** speculative, theoretical, conjectural
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The electric light was an invention with profound **existential** consequences.
177. **Word: Arena (रणभूमि)**
- **Pronunciation:** uh-ree-nuh/ अरीन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a place or scene of activity, debate, or conflict.
  - **Synonyms:** field, stage, domain
  - **Antonyms:** range, rising, terrain
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** As we came into the **arena**, we were jostled by fans pushing their way towards the stage.
178. **Word: Outbid (मात कर देना)**
- **Pronunciation:** out-bid/ आउटबिड
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** offer to pay a higher price for something than (another person).
  - **Synonyms:** surpass, overbid, exceed
  - **Antonyms:** divest, prejudice, trail
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The retail group **outbid** all three competitors for space in the shopping centre.
179. **Word: Condensate (संघनन)**
- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-den-seyt/ कन्डेन्सेट
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a compound produced by a condensation reaction.
  - **Synonyms:** abridgment, capsule, digest
  - **Antonyms:** dryness, unabridgment
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** On the liquids front **condensate** is being produced at the Kapuni on-shore gas field.
180. **Word: Overt (खुला)**
- **Pronunciation:** oh-vurt/ ओवर्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** done or shown openly; plainly apparent.
  - **Synonyms:** open, obvious, clear
  - **Antonyms:** secret, covert, hidden

- **Usage in a Sentence:** Although there is no **overt** hostility, black and white students do not mix much.
181. **Word: Covert (बनावटी, बचाव का स्थान)**
- **Pronunciation:** koh-vert/ कवर्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
  - **Meaning:** a. not openly acknowledged or displayed. [Adjective]  
b. a thicket in which game can hide. [Noun]
  - **Synonyms:** hidden, secret, concealed
  - **Antonyms:** open, public, overt
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The government was accused of **covert** military operations against the regime.
182. **Word: Onerous (कष्ट साध्य)**
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Pronunciation:** on-er-uh s/ओनरस
  - **Meaning:** (of a task or responsibility) involving a great deal of effort, trouble, or difficulty.
  - **Synonyms:** burdensome, laborious
  - **Antonyms:** hassle-free, effortless
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** My household duties were not particularly **onerous**.
183. **Word: Incendiary (दाहक)**
- **Pronunciation:** in-sen-dee-er-ee/इन्सेन्डीएरी
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** tending to stir up conflict.
  - **Synonyms:** rabble-rousing, inflammatory
  - **Antonyms:** conciliatory, flexible
  - **Use in a Sentence:** The soldiers were trained to deal with **incendiary** attacks.
184. **Word: Bay (घेरना, भौंक)**
- **Pronunciation:** bey/ बे
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb, Noun
  - **Meaning:** a. (of a group of people) shout loudly, typically to demand something. [Verb]  
b. the sound of baying. [Noun]
  - **Synonyms:** cove, inlet, gulf
  - **Antonyms:** crackle, roar, snicker, silence
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** He fought bravely, holding his enemies at **bay**.
185. **Word: Lumpen (बुद्धू)**
- **Pronunciation:** luhm-puh n/लूमपेन
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** lumpy and misshapen; ugly and ponderous.
  - **Synonyms:** unthinking, thoughtless, idiotic
- **Antonyms:** smart, mannerable, notable
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** My new neighbours seemed **lumpen** and boring.
186. **Word: Intrude (हस्तक्षेप करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** in-trood/ इन्ट्रूड
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** enter with disruptive or adverse effect.
  - **Synonyms:** interfere, butt in, meddle
  - **Antonyms:** abandon, leave, withdraw
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Newspaper editors are being urged not to **intrude** on/into the grief of the families of missing servicemen.
187. **Word: Precarious (अनिश्चित)**
- **Pronunciation:** pri-kair-ee-uh s/प्रिकेरीअस
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** dependent on chance; uncertain
  - **Synonyms:** hazardous, perilous, insecure
  - **Antonyms:** strong, secure, stable
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** This place is a **precarious** and unstable area.
188. **Phrase: Eke out (कमी पूरी करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** eek-out/ ईक आउट
  - **Part of Speech:** Phrase
  - **Meaning:** to make up for the deficiencies of.
  - **Synonyms:** survive, live, extract
  - **Antonyms:** use up, waste, crimp
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** They **eke out** a miserable existence in cardboard shacks.
189. **Word: Pittance (चंदा)**
- **Pronunciation:** pit-ns/ पिटन्स
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a very small or inadequate amount of money.
  - **Synonyms:** mite, modicum, derisory
  - **Antonyms:** plenty, lot, abundance
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** She could barely survive on the **pittance** she received as a pension.
190. **Word: Charade (पहेली)**
- **Pronunciation:** shuh-reyd/ शरेड
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** an absurd pretence intended to create a pleasant or respectable appearance.
  - **Synonyms:** mockery, travesty, disguise
  - **Antonyms:** honesty, real, genuine

- **Usage in a Sentence:** Their whole marriage had been a **charade**—they had never loved each other.
191. **Word: Strenuously (सख्ती से)**
- **Pronunciation:** stren-yoo-uhs-ly/ स्ट्रेन्यूअस्ली
  - **Part of Speech:** Adverb
  - **Meaning:** with great effort and determination.
  - **Synonyms:** vigorously, actively, forcefully
  - **Antonyms:** cowardly, easily, lazily
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The company has **strenuously** defended its decision to reduce the workforce.
192. **Word: Vortex (बवंडर)**
- **Pronunciation:** vawr-tekks/ वॉर्टेक्स
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a whirling mass of fluid or air, especially a whirlpool or whirlwind.
  - **Synonyms:** whirlpool, swirl, eddy
  - **Antonyms:** rest, still, calm
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** They were both caught up in a whirling **vortex** of emotion.
193. **Word: Verge (कगार)**
- **Pronunciation:** vurj/ वर्ज
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. the limit or point beyond which something begins or occurs; brink [Noun]
    - b. be very close or similar to. [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** margin, incline
  - **Antonyms:** ambit, midstream
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The country was on the **verge** of becoming successful.
194. **Word: Semblance (अनुरूपता)**
- **Pronunciation:** sem-bluh ns/ सेम्ब्लन्स
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the outward appearance or apparent form of something, especially when the reality is different.
  - **Synonyms:** likeness, similarity, guise
  - **Antonyms:** contrast, opposite, unlikeness
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The film lacks any **semblance** of realism.
195. **Word: Evacuation (निर्वातन)**
- **Pronunciation:** ih-vak-yoo-ey-shuh n/ इवैक्यवेशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the action of evacuating a person or a place

- **Synonyms:** withdrawal, departure, removal
  - **Antonyms:** insertion, penetration, integration
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** As the level of the water rose, villages were put on **evacuation** standby.
196. **Word: Sheen (चमक)**
- **Pronunciation:** sheen/ शीन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. a soft lustre on a surface. [Noun]
    - b. shine or cause to shine softly. [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** shine, glaze, lustre, gloss
  - **Antonyms:** dullness, gloom
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The conditioner gives the hair a beautiful soft **sheen**.
197. **Word: Formidable (भयानक)**
- **Pronunciation:** fawr-mi-duh-buh l/ फॉर्मिडबल
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** inspiring fear or respect through being impressively large, powerful, intense, or capable.
  - **Synonyms:** terrific, tremendous, colossal
  - **Antonyms:** feeble, easy, friendly
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** They had to overcome **formidable** obstacles.
198. **Word: Sordid (अनैतिक)**
- **Pronunciation:** sawr-did/ सॉर्डिड
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. involving immoral or dishonourable actions and motives; arousing moral distaste and contempt.
    - b. dirty or squalid.
  - **Synonyms:** low, mean, dirty, foul, base
  - **Antonyms:** reputable, clean, honourable
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** All concerned should be cross-examined to get to the bottom of the whole **sordid** affair.
199. **Word: Repatriation (देश-प्रत्यावर्तन)**
- **Pronunciation:** ree-pey-tree-eyt-ion/ रीपैट्रीऐशन
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. the return of someone to their own country.
    - b. the sending of money back to one's own country.
  - **Synonyms:** return, restoration
  - **Antonyms:** exile, expulsion



- **Usage in a Sentence:** It is illogical to oppose the **repatriation** of economic migrants.
200. **Phrase: Gain ground (आगे बढ़ना)**
- **Pronunciation:** गेन ग्राउन्ड
  - **Part of Speech:** Phrase
  - **Meaning:** become more popular or accepted.
  - **Synonyms:** progress, advance, gain, improve
  - **Antonyms:** fall back, lose, recede
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The establishment of the anti-smoking lobbies has steadily **gained ground** in the last decade.
201. **Word: Conducive (हितकर)**
- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-doo-siv/ कन्डूसिव
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** making a certain situation or outcome likely or possible.
  - **Synonyms:** advantageous, helpful, contributory, favourable
  - **Antonyms:** hindering, unfavourable, cumbersome
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** This is a **conducive** environment for studying.
202. **Word: Abhorrent (घृणास्पद)**
- **Pronunciation:** ab-hawr-uhnt/ ऐबहॉरन्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** inspiring disgust and loathing; repugnant.
  - **Synonyms:** repulsive, repugnant, abominable, loathsome, disgusting
  - **Antonyms:** delicious, nice, tasty, appealing
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Discrimination of any sort is **abhorrent** to a civilized society.
203. **Word: Conjecture (अनुमान लगाना)**
- **Pronunciation:** kuh n-jek-cher/ कन्जेक्शर
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a. an opinion or conclusion formed on the basis of incomplete information. [Noun]
    - b. form an opinion or supposition about (something) on the basis of incomplete information. [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** guess, speculation, surmise
  - **Antonyms:** proof, fact, reality
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** There has been some **conjecture** about a possible merger.

204. **Word: Farce (प्रहसन)**

- **Pronunciation:** fahrs/ फार्स
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
  - a. a comic dramatic work using buffoonery and horseplay and typically including crude characterization and ludicrously improbable situations.
  - b. an event or situation that is absurd or disorganized.
- **Synonyms:** parody, comedy, mockery, satire
- **Antonyms:** sobriety, catastrophe
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The debate degenerated into **farce** when opposing speakers started shouting at each other.

205. **Word: Mire (फँसा रहना)**

- **Pronunciation:** mahyuh r/ माइअर
- **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
- **Meaning:**
  - a. a stretch of swampy or boggy ground. [Noun]
  - b. a complicated or unpleasant situation from which it is difficult to extricate oneself. [Noun]
  - c. involve someone or something in (a difficult situation). [Verb]
- **Synonyms:** swamp, entangle, entrap
- **Antonyms:** cleanliness, define, extricate
- **Usage in a Sentence:** His reasons for leaving are **mired** in confusion.

206. **Word: Retention (अवधारण)**

- **Pronunciation:** ri-ten-shuh n/ रिटेन्शन
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** the continued possession, use, or control of something.
- **Synonyms:** keeping, withholding, confinement
- **Antonyms:** release, liberation, discharge, abolition
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Managers are responsible for the safe custody and **retention** of records.

207. **Word: Gut-wrenching (अत्यंत कष्टदायी)**

- **Pronunciation:** guht-ren-ching/ गट व्रेंचिंग
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** extremely unpleasant or upsetting.
- **Synonyms:** upsetting, affecting, painful, tormenting

- **Antonyms:** reassuring, pleasing, agreeable, calming
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The **gut-wrenching** pain left him unable to process any rational thought.
208. **Word: Macabre (वीभत्स)**
- **Pronunciation:** muh-kah-bruh/ मकाब्र
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** disturbing because concerned with or causing fear of death.
  - **Synonyms:** gruesome, ghastly, scary
  - **Antonyms:** enjoyable, common, unalarming
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Even the police were horrified at the **macabre** nature of the killings.
209. **Word: Exonerate (विमुक्त करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** ig-zon-uh-reyt/ इग्ज़ानरेट
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - (of an official body) absolve (someone) from blame for a fault or wrongdoing.
    - release someone from (a duty or obligation).
  - **Synonyms:** acquit, absolve, clear, vindicate
  - **Antonyms:** blame, accuse, condemn, punish
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The report **exonerated** the crew from all responsibility for the collision.
210. **Word: Typify (प्रतीक होना)**
- **Pronunciation:** tip-uh-fahy/ तायिपिफाई
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - be characteristic or a representative example of.
    - represent; symbolize.
  - **Synonyms:** represent, embody, stand for, personify
  - **Antonyms:** hide, disincarnate
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** These two buildings **typify** the rich extremes of Irish architecture.
211. **Word: Proclivity (झुकाव)**
- **Pronunciation:** proh-kliv-i-tee/ प्रोक्लिविटी
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a tendency to choose or do something regularly; an inclination or predisposition towards a particular thing.
  - **Synonyms:** liking, inclination, bent

- **Antonyms:** repulsion, disinclination, aversion, hatred
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** This **proclivity** hinders their ability to respond effectively to challenges.
212. **Word: Circumspect (सावधान)**
- **Pronunciation:** sur-kuhm-spekt/ सर्कम्स्पेक्ट
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** wary and unwilling to take risks.
  - **Synonyms:** prudent, careful, cautious, watchful
  - **Antonyms:** careless, incautious, rash
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** You seem to be implying, in your usual **circumspect** manner, that perhaps it might not be a wonderful idea.
213. **Word: Jurisprudence (न्यायशास्त्र)**
- **Pronunciation:** joo r-is-prood-ns/ जुरिस्पूडन्स
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the theory or philosophy of law.
  - **Synonyms:** law, judicature, code, regulation
  - **Antonyms:** violation, anarchy, criminal
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Codification is the highest contribution of **jurisprudence**.
214. **Word: Imprimatur (अनुमति)**
- **Pronunciation:** im-pri-mah-ter/ इम्प्रिमाटर
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** a person's authoritative approval.
  - **Synonyms:** sanction, permission, approval
  - **Antonyms:** disapproval, refusal, rejection, censure
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The project cannot go ahead without the **imprimatur** of the Treasury.
215. **Word: Apportion (भाग करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** uh-pawr-shuh n/ अपोर्शन
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** divide up and share out, assign
  - **Synonyms:** allot, distribute, segment
  - **Antonyms:** assemble, gather, collect
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The funds were **apportioned** amongst the several departments.
216. **Word: Diabolical (नारकीय)**
- **Pronunciation:** dahy-uh-bol-ik/ डाइअबालिकल
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** disgracefully bad or unpleasant.

- **Synonyms:** devilish, fiendish, evil, hellish, cruel
  - **Antonyms:** holy, godly, angelic
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Sometime after her acceptance, she exhibited signs of her former **diabolical** symptoms.
217. **Word: Dastardly (क्रूर)**
- **Pronunciation:** das-terd-lee/ डैस्टर्ड्ली
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** evil and cruel.
  - **Synonyms:** vile, mean, low, cowardly
  - **Antonyms:** honourable, respectable, worthy
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Let's suppose someone were **dastardly** enough to harbour such thoughts.
218. **Word: Invidiously (चुभने वाले ढंग से)**
- **Pronunciation:** in-vid-ee-uh s/ इन्विडीअस्ली
  - **Part of Speech:** Adverb
  - **Meaning:** likely to cause unhappiness or be unpleasant.
  - **Synonyms:** maliciously, abominably, offensively, hatefully
  - **Antonyms:** friendly, pleasantly, desirably
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** It seems **invidious** to make special mention of one aspect of his work.
219. **Word: Iniquitous (अन्यायपूर्ण)**
- **Pronunciation:** ih-nik-wi-tuhs/ इन्क्विटस
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:** grossly unfair and morally wrong.
  - **Synonyms:** sinful, wicked, immoral, evil
  - **Antonyms:** honourable, virtuous, righteous
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** It is an **iniquitous** system that allows a person to die because they have no money to pay for medicine.
220. **Word: Vengeance (प्रतिशोध)**
- **Pronunciation:** ven-juhns/ वेन्जन्स
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** punishment inflicted or retribution exacted for an injury or wrong.
  - **Synonyms:** revenge, retaliation, retribution, avenge
  - **Antonyms:** mercy, forgiveness, pardon, clemency
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** He swore **vengeance** on everyone involved in the murder.
221. **Word: Intimidation (संत्रास)**
- **Pronunciation:** in-tim-i-deytion/ इन्टिमिडैशन

- **Part of Speech:**
  - **Meaning:** the action of frightening someone, or the state of being frightened.
  - **Synonyms:** threat, menace, compulsion, terror
  - **Antonyms:** independence, fearlessness, incitement
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The defendant complained of **intimidation** during the investigation.
222. **Word: Ghastly (गैस्टली)**
- **Pronunciation:** gast-lee/ भयावह
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective
  - **Meaning:**
    - causing great horror or fear
    - extremely unwell
    - very objectionable, bad, or unpleasant
  - **Synonyms:** scary, gruesome, frightful, awful
  - **Antonyms:** delightful, pleasant, charming
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Today's newspaper gives all the **ghastly** details of the murder.
223. **Word: Stern (कठोर या निर्दय)**
- **Pronunciation:** sturn, स्टर्न
  - **Part of Speech:** Adjective, Noun
  - **Meaning:**
    - (of a person or their manner) serious and unrelenting, especially in the assertion of authority and exercise of discipline. [Adjective]
    - the rearmost part of a ship or boat [Noun]
  - **Synonyms:** harsh, severe, strict, rigid
  - **Antonyms:** kind, flexible, tolerant
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The judge was a **stern**, unapproachable man.
224. **Word: Expel (निष्कासित करना)**
- **Pronunciation:** ik-spel/ इक्स्पेल
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** officially make (someone) leave a school or other organization.
  - **Synonyms:** eject, banish, discharge, dismiss
  - **Antonyms:** absorb, welcome, admit, permit
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The government is trying to **expel** all foreign journalists.
225. **Word: Semblance (अनुरूपता)**
- **Pronunciation:** sem-bluh ns/ सेम्ब्लन्स
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun

- **Meaning:** the outward appearance or apparent form of something, especially when the reality is different.
  - **Synonyms:** likeness, similarity, guise
  - **Antonyms:** contrast, opposite, unlikeness
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** The film lacks any **semblance** of realism.
226. **Word: Infuse (भर देना)**
- **Pronunciation:** in-fyooz/ इन्फ्यूज़
  - **Part of Speech:** Verb
  - **Meaning:** fill; pervade
  - **Synonyms:** permeate, suffuse
  - **Antonyms:** remove, take away
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** He **infused** enthusiasm into his students.
227. **Word: Ambiguity (संदिग्धता)**
- **Pronunciation:** am-bi-gyoo-i-tee/ ऐम्बिग्यूइटी
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun
  - **Meaning:** the quality of being open to more than one interpretation; inexactness.
  - **Synonyms:** vagueness, obscurity, uncertainty
  - **Antonyms:** certainty, clarity
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** There was an element of **ambiguity** in the president's reply.
228. **Word: Outright (प्रत्यक्ष)**
- **Pronunciation:** out-rahyt/ आउट्राइट
  - **Part of Speech:** Adverb, Adverb
  - **Meaning:**
    - directly or openly
    - clear and undisputed
  - **Synonyms:** downright, absolute, unqualified
  - **Antonyms:** incomplete, ambiguous, conditional
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** No one party is expected to gain an **outright** majority.
229. **Word: Preface (प्रस्तावना)**
- **Pronunciation:** pref-is/ प्रेफिस
  - **Part of Speech:** Noun, Verb
  - **Meaning:**
    - a preliminary explanation [Noun]
    - introduce or begin (a speech or event) with or by doing something [Verb]
  - **Synonyms:** introduction, prologue, preliminary
  - **Antonyms:** end, conclusion
  - **Usage in a Sentence:** Our defeat may be the **preface** to our successor's victory.

230. **Word: Dismissive (उपेक्षापूर्ण)**

- **Pronunciation:** dis-mis-iv/ डिस्मिसिव
- **Part of Speech:** Adjective
- **Meaning:** feeling or showing that something is unworthy of consideration
- **Synonyms:** apathetic, uninterested, indifferent
- **Antonyms:** interested, acceptive, cherishable
- **Usage in a Sentence:** The young artist seems to have the same **dismissive** outlook.

231. **Phrase: Slip into (गिरना, वस्त्र धारण करना)**

- **Pronunciation:** स्लिप ईंटो
- **Part of Speech:** Phrase
- **Meaning:**
  - to gradually start to be in a bad state or situation
  - to put on or be wearing clothes and to dress other people
- **Synonyms:** descend into, sneak into, put on, assume
- **Antonyms:** relinquish, sneak into
- **Usage in a Sentence:** Armed with such a **precept**, a number of doctors may slip into deceptive practices.

232. **Word: Rhetoric (शब्दाडम्बर)**

- **Pronunciation:** ret-er-ik/ रेटरिक
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:** language designed to have a persuasive or impressive effect, but which is often regarded as lacking in sincerity or meaningful content.
- **Synonyms:** elocution, discourse, bombast
- **Antonyms:** conciseness, quiet
- **Usage in a Sentence:** As the elections are just one week away, the **rhetoric** on both parties is building.

234. **Word: Hues (रंग, वर्ण, मत)**

- **Pronunciation:** hyoo/ ह्यू
- **Part of Speech:** Noun
- **Meaning:**
  - a colour or shade
  - character or aspect
- **Synonyms:** tints, aspects
- **Antonyms:** uniform, wholes
- **Usage in a Sentence:** And rather than depicting various **hues** of political opinion, the new paintings make an environmental statement.

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